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FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

BRITISH EAST AFRICA.

Plague at Mombasa.

The American consul at Zanzibar reports plague present at Mombasa, British East Africa, October 27, 1912.

CHINA.

Amoy—Cholera in Vicinity.

Acting Asst. Surg. Strick reports September 9: An epidemic of cholera is raging at Pechuia, a locality situated about 15 miles from Amoy. From 30 to 40 deaths are reported daily.

Hongkong—Plague—Examination of Rats.

Surg. Brown reports: During the week ended September 14, 1912, one death from plague was reported at Hongkong.

During the same period 1,307 rats were examined for plague infection. No plague-infected rat was found.

Shanghai—Cholera.

Acting Asst. Surg. Ransom reports September 25: Cholera has been present in Shanghai since the third week in July, 1912, and reached its maximum during the last week in August. The number of cases among foreigners has been approximately 20 with a fatality of about 40 per cent. The total number of deaths among natives has been as high as 200 per week in excess of the average but no cases of cholera have been officially reported.

CUBA.

Habana—Examination of Rats.

During the week ended October 12, 1912, there were examined at Habana for plague infection 528 rats. No plague-infected rat was found.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Liverpool—Examination of Rats.

According to information received from the port health officer through Consul Washington, 287 rats were examined at Liverpool from October 1 to 16, 1912. No plague-infected rat was found.

HAWAII.

Examination of Rodents for Plague Infection.

During the week ended September 28, 1912, 936 rats and mongoose were examined at Hilo and 1,660 at Honokaa. No plague infection was found.